Religious Education timetable Year 3-6 2019-2020

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 3	Buddhism 1 The Buddha	Peace Unit 2	Christianity 5 The bible	Sikhism 1 Sikh beliefs	Sikhism 1 Sikh beliefs	Hinduism 3 God and Beliefs
Year 4	Judaism 1 Shabbat- a day of rest	Judaism 2 Festivals in Jewish Life	Christianity Local Christian places of worship 6	Christianity Christian Celebrations	Sikhism The Gurdwara and The Guru Granth Sahib	Buddhism 2 Living as a Buddhist
Year 5	Islam 3 Ramadan and Id ul Fltr	Isam 4 Hajj and Id ul Adha	Hinduism 4 Pilgrimage	Christianity Jesus Human and divine	Sikhism 4 Belonging to the Sikh community	Christianity Leading a Christian Life
Year 6	Buddhism 3 Following the Buddha's teaching	Judaism 3 Abraham	Buddhism The Buddhist community worldwide	The journey of Life and Death Christianity	Judaism 4 Prayer and worship	Understanding faiths and beliefs in Lewisham

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Year 3	 The Buddha The Buddha's life and search for truth. The Buddha means the 'awakened one'. He was a human being who 'woke up' from the 'sleep of confusion'. This is like awakening from a dream and becoming perfectly aware of the truth. The Buddha became free of suffering and was able to help others to 'awaken themselves'. Teachings of the Buddha The Four Noble Truths. People should work at becoming kind, compassionate, generous, truthful and patient. People should try not to hurt any living thing, take things that are not given and try to be honest and 	Peace Unit Christian ways of life: Christians respond to personal and social issues, locally and globally, in a number of ways and can draw inspiration from other Christians, e.g. Martin Luther King. The Bible: Sermon on the Mount. The Church: Worship includes the use of stillness and silence for reflection. Christmas (Extra Focus)
	straightforward. • Story of Siddhartha and the Swan.	Christmas (Extra Focus) How Christmas is celebrated by Christians in other countries focussing on the central shared celebration of the birth of Jesus.

Year 4	Judaism 1 Unit 1 – Shabbat – A Day of Rest Shabbat – the Sabbath Day - Day of separation and different from other days; a day of rest and joy, remembering God creating and resting. What happens? Preparing for Shabbat. Sunset candle lighting. Blessings. Shared meal – Kiddush Shabbat Table and customs. Charity contributions (Tzedakah).¹ Synagogue Attend synagogue for prayer with the community on Shabbat. Havdalah and the end of Shabbat. Spices, wine, plaited candle and the blessing of Shabbat taken into next week.	Judaism 2 Unit 2 – Festivals in Jewish Life Succot (Sukkoth) Festival of Tabernacles. Celebration at home and in the Synagogue. Story retold Harvest. Passover (Pesach) Story recalled: Moses and the Exodus from Egypt. Celebration at home. Symbolism and ritual of Seder meal – questions from youngest child. Hanukkah Story recalled of the miracle of the oil Celebration at home. Symbolism of candle lighting and eating doughnuts.
Year 5	Sawm Ramadan – a time to focus on Allah, being a good Muslim and considering those who have less. Qur'anic quotes about fasting. Fasting and eating in Ramadan. Worship during Ramadan	Unit 4 – Hajj and Id ul Adha Story of Prophet Ibrahim (pbuh) and his son Ismail (pbuh) rebuilding the Ka'aba. Umrah (lesser pilgrimages. Not fixed to time).

¹ It is custom to put money in a **Tzedakah** box at a point in the weekday services as Orthodox Jews do not use money on Shabbat

	Id ul Fitr – celebration of keeping the fast at its end. Zakat al Fitr Charity at Id.	Qur'anic quotes about Hajj Hajj requirements. Id ul Adha Festival that takes place the day after the gathering of pilgrims on Mount Arafah. A time for Muslims worldwide to celebrate.
Year 6	Following the Buddha's Teaching — The Buddha The Buddha is the perfect example of what people can become. The Noble Eightfold Path. Symbols, e.g. the wheel and lotus. The Dharma (Buddhist teachings). Story that illustrates Buddhist values — The Monkey King. All Buddhists try to learn and practice the Dharma. This is the teaching and practice that leads to awakening.	Judaism 3 Abraham Belief in One God Abram/Abraham. Abraham and one God. Abraham and Isaac – obedience to God. Torah Jewish Sacred Text. Where stories about the Jews' relationship with God are found including the story of Abraham Written as a scroll in Hebrew. Treated with respect. Yad.

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Year 3	The Bible	Unit 1 – Sikh Beliefs
	 A source of Christian belief and teaching - some Christians read the Bible every day and find it helpful for their everyday lives. The Old and New Testaments include many books with different genres; these include history, law and songs: Joseph, Psalm 23, and Isaiah's Prophecy. The gospel stories tell about events in Jesus' life. Jesus' teaching about the Kingdom of God in parables: The Lost Sheep. Ten Commandments with particular focus on the two greatest commandments. 	Beliefs about God Sikhs believe in one God – symbolised by the Ik Onkar symbol. God created all things. The Gurus There were 10 human Gurus. Guru Nanak was the first Guru. Guru Nanak's life and teaching. Guru Nanak's teaching that all people are equal. Celebration of Guru Nanak's birthday.
Year 4	 Christianity: Local Christian Places of Worship Special places for Christians. There are many different types of Christian places of worship. Belonging to a group and sharing activities with others is important and meaningful. Worship includes the use of stillness and silence for reflection. Reasons why people pray. The Lord's Prayer The Bible (a source of Christian belief and teaching) used in services 	 Christian Celebrations The Church has its own calendar with special names for certain times of the year: Times associated with Jesus' life; how Christians understand and celebrate these events – Christmas and Easter Times of reflection: Advent and Lent - Jesus' temptation. Sharing the Lord's Supper. Pentecost
	Church or Cathedral visit	

Year 5	Hinduism Pilgrimage The Wider World Hinduism originated in India. Hindus live across the world. Places of pilgrimage and their significance: The Ganges Kailash Rameswaram Stories associated with places of pilgrimage.	Jesus Human and Divine God: Father, Son and Holy Spirit Christmas – Jesus' birth. Choosing 12 disciples AND friends Jesus' temptations Jesus' baptism Miracles and acts of healing e.g. 'Stilling the storm', 'The four friends' or 'Healing a leper' Easter - Jesus' death, resurrection and afterwards.
Year 6	Unit 2 – Living as a Buddhist The Buddhist Community – Sangha Lives out the teachings of the Buddha. • All members support one another. • Story of The King's Elephant – keeping good company matters. • Buddhists meditate to help them understand the teachings of the Buddha by developing awareness and mindfulness.	The Journey of Life and Death The ways in which human experiences associated with death, loss, hope, and meaning in life are understood in Buddhism. All things change Beliefs about death and rebirth.

- The home shrine, a Temple or Buddhist Centre
 Place where teachings are given.
 Where Buddhists meditate together.
 A sacred space, where removal of shoes shows respect.
- A shrine with an image of the Buddha. Images of the Buddha communicate values of wisdom and compassion.

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 3	Unit 2 – Sikh Teaching and Life Sikh Teaching Three important rules to follow: • Work honestly. • Share food with the needy. • Remember God. • The Gurus showed how to put teachings into practice in their lives. • Story of Guru Nanak and Bhai Lalo. or • Story of Guru Gobind Singh and the Water Carrier, Bhai Ghanaya.	Hinduism God and Beliefs Sacred Books Ramayana, Mahabharata, Bhagwat Gita, Veda Religious Word Aum/Om Belief and values The importance of honesty and truthfulness. Karma: Take responsibility for your actions. Hospitality is important to Hindus.
	Sikh Life • Special celebrations – naming. • Sikhs worship at home and in the Gurdwara. • The Guru Granth Sahib teaches Sikhs how to live. • Sikhs share and show that everyone is equal in the Gurdwara.	 Unit 2 – Living as a Buddhist The Buddhist Community – Sangha Lives out the teachings of the Buddha. All members support one another. Story of The King's Elephant – keeping good company matters. Buddhists meditate to help them understand the teachings of the Buddha by developing awareness and mindfulness. The home shrine, a Temple or Buddhist Centre Place where teachings are given. Where Buddhists meditate together. A sacred space, where removal of shoes shows respect. A shrine – with an image of the Buddha. Images of the Buddha communicate values of wisdom and compassion

Year 4	Sikhism 3 Unit 3 – The Gurdwara and the Guru Granth Sahib –	The Buddhist Community – Sangha
	Final and Everlasting Guru The Gurdwara Centre for the community and place of prayer and worship. Nishan Sahib and Khanda symbol. Shoes removed, hair covered. Role of Granthi. Use of music. Karah Prasad. The Langar kitchen- shared food. The Guru Granth Sahib Sikh holy book, final everlasting Guru Written in Gurmurkhi. Treated with respect as a human Guru Contents: teachings of Guru Nanak and other Gurus. hymns and prayers that are sung in services.	 Lives out the teachings of the Buddha. All members support one another. Story of The King's Elephant – keeping good company matters. Buddhists meditate to help them understand the teachings of the Buddha by developing awareness and mindfulness. The home shrine, a Temple or Buddhist Centre Place where teachings are given. Where Buddhists meditate together. A sacred space, where removal of shoes shows respect. A shrine – with an image of the Buddha. Images of the Buddha communicate values of wisdom and compassion.

Year 5	Unit 4 – Belonging to the Sikh Community Guru Gobind Singh • The last human Guru. • Celebration of Baisakhi. • Established the Khalsa. • The 5 Ks and Sikh names. Belonging to the Community • Becoming a Khalsa'd Sikh. • Amrit ceremony. • Obligations accepted with Amrit - rehat.	Unit 9 Leading a Christian Life Commitment, belonging and belief in the special presence of God during significant life events. Example of at least one person and one charitable organisation that exemplifies Christianity in action. Encounter with one local Christian to share how their life is led by faith

Year 6	Judaism 4 Unit 4 – Prayer and Worship of God	Understanding Faith and Belief in Lewisham Christian communities in Lewisham
	 The Shema Said twice daily. Preparing for prayer: Phylacteries, Tallit, Kippah. The Shema in the Mezuzah – signifying a Jewish home. Synagogue Ark. Ner Tamid. Torah portion read in services. Role of the Rabbi. Minyan. Family celebrations. Bar /Bat Mitzvah. 	Christian communities in Lewisham